

**RNG WORKS**



# Best Practices in Nitrogen & Oxygen Rejection Technology

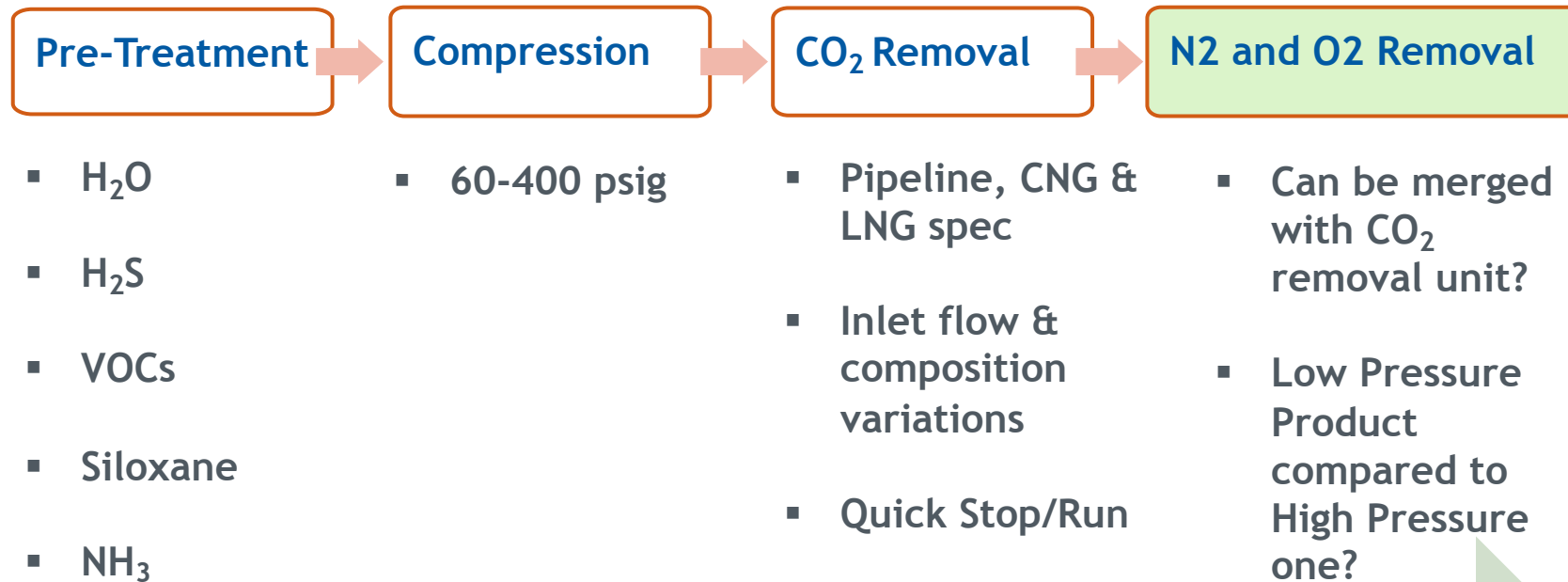
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Xebec Adsorption

# OVERVIEW

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- ▶ Biogas Upgrading Process
- ▶ Why NRU?
- ▶ NRU Technology Review
- ▶ Case Studies

# Biogas Upgrading Process



Avoid Unnecessary  
CAPEX/OPEX

Avoid A Higher  
CAPEX/OPEX

Flexibility /  
Reliability

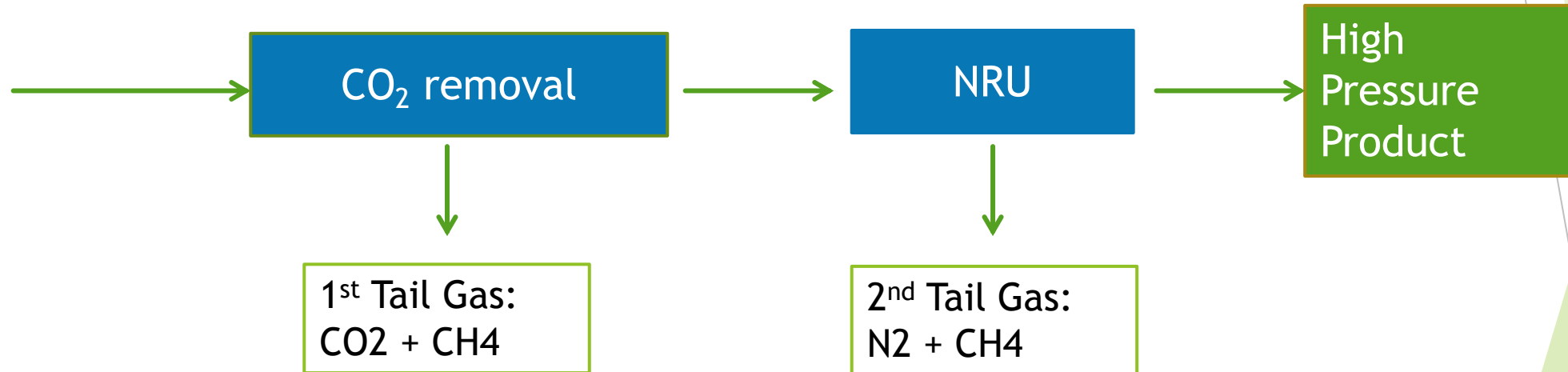
Simplicity / Low  
OPEX

# Biogas Upgrading Technology-Review

Comparison	PSA-CO <sub>2</sub> removal	PSA-CO <sub>2</sub> , O <sub>2</sub> and N <sub>2</sub> removal	Membrane	Wet Scrubber
O <sub>2</sub> Removal	Yes/No Depends on supplier	Yes	Partially (low)	No
N <sub>2</sub> Removal	No	Yes	No	No
Pros	High recovery	Single Step to remove CO <sub>2</sub> -N <sub>2</sub> -O <sub>2</sub>	High Recovery	High Recovery
Cons	Required to add a NRU	Recovery is a function of inlet N <sub>2</sub>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Required to add a NRU</li> <li>- Sensitive to VOCs</li> <li>- Higher operating pressure than PSA</li> <li>-Safety (O<sub>2</sub>)</li> </ul>	<p>Required to add a NRU</p> <p>Introducing N<sub>2</sub> and O<sub>2</sub> on top of inlet content</p>

# NRU Technology Review

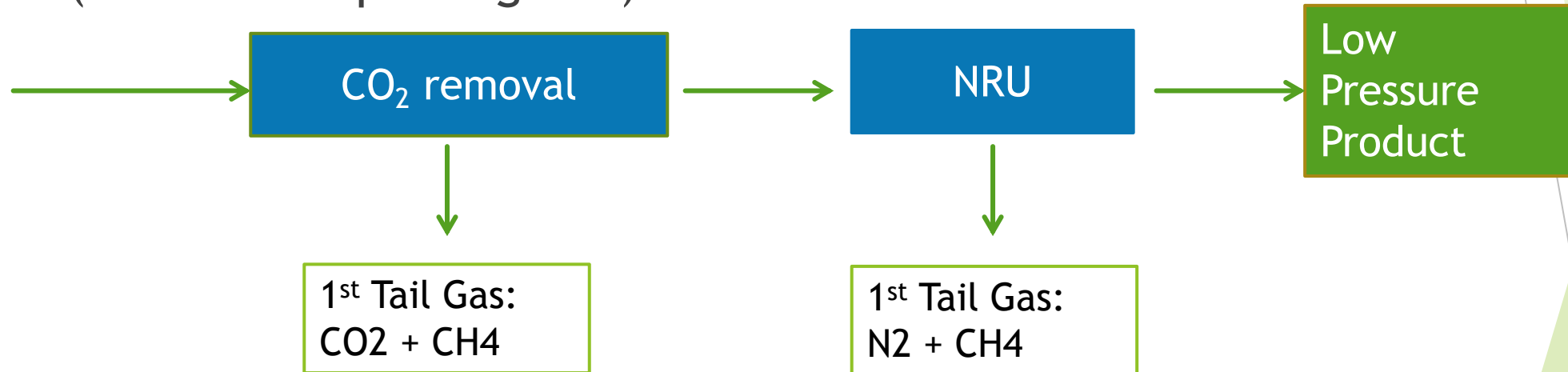
- ▶ (1) Conventional Two-step purification: CO<sub>2</sub> Removal + NRU (N<sub>2</sub> removal)



- ▶ High Methane Loss For High N<sub>2</sub>
- ▶ Sensitivity of NRU unit to CO<sub>2</sub>
- ▶ Operating Two Different Technologies independently (Increasing probability of system downtime)

# NRU Technology Review

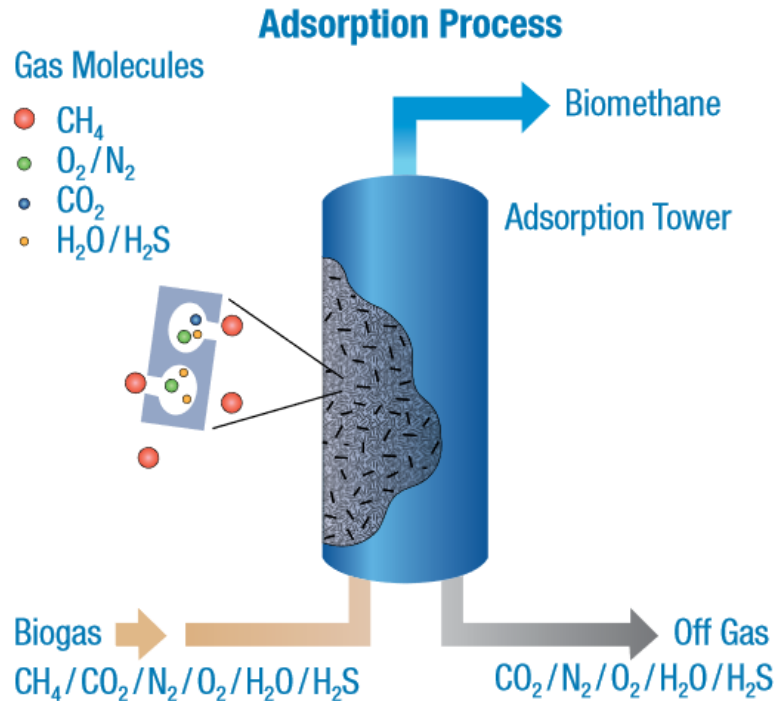
- ▶ (2) New Two-step purification: CO<sub>2</sub> Removal + NRU  
(methane capturing PSA)



- ▶ High Energy Consumption (require product compressor and high recycle ratio)
- ▶ Operating Two Different Technologies (Increasing probability of system downtime and not meeting the product spec)

# NRU Technology Review

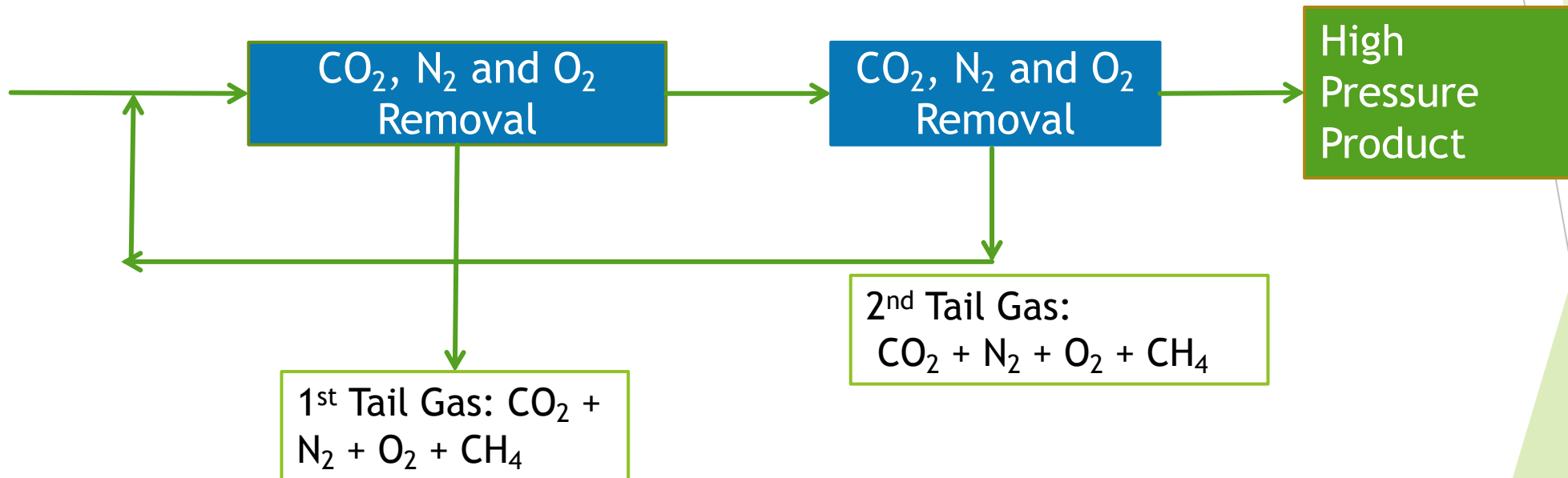
## ► (3) One Step PSA:



► Methane recovery and size of the PSA are a function of inlet N<sub>2</sub>

# NRU Technology Review

## ► (4) New Two-step purification: CO<sub>2</sub>, N<sub>2</sub>, O<sub>2</sub> Removal Unit





# NRU Technology Review

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## ► (4) New Two-step purification: CO<sub>2</sub>, N<sub>2</sub>, O<sub>2</sub> Removal Unit

### Advantages:

- Lower power consumption due to:
  - Lower operating pressure (80-120 psig)
  - Lower internal recycle flow
  - High pressure produce compared to atmospheric pressure from new NRU solution

# NRU Technology Review

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## ► (4) New Two-step purification: CO<sub>2</sub>, N<sub>2</sub>, O<sub>2</sub> Removal Unit

### Advantages (Cont.):

#### ► Higher system reliability:

- Both PSA units can remove CO<sub>2</sub>, N<sub>2</sub> and O<sub>2</sub>, in case of higher and unexpected N<sub>2</sub> to the system, product quality is guaranteed by sacrificing the recovery
- Less sensitive to impurities such as VOCs, H<sub>2</sub>S, etc, No need to remove VOCs

# NRU Technology-Summary

Comparison	Conventional Two Step Purification: CO <sub>2</sub> +NRU (HP)	New Two Step Purification: CO <sub>2</sub> + NRU (LP)	Single Step PSA	Two Step PSA
Recovery	Medium (Function of N <sub>2</sub> )	High	Medium (Function of N <sub>2</sub> )	High
Power Consumption	Medium (Function of N <sub>2</sub> )	High	Low (Function of N <sub>2</sub> )	Medium (Function of inlet N <sub>2</sub> )
CAPEX	High (Function of N <sub>2</sub> )	Medium	Low (Function of N <sub>2</sub> )	High (Function of N <sub>2</sub> )

# Case Study - Single Stage PSA - Low N<sub>2</sub>

**Project:** Gaz Team

**Location:** France

**Technology:** PSA

**Feed:** Biogas from dry anaerobic digestion

**RNG use:** GRDF Pipeline

**Raw gas:** 60% CH<sub>4</sub>; 38% CO<sub>2</sub>; 2% N<sub>2</sub>/O<sub>2</sub>;

Recovery 97.5%

Power Consumption: 0.2 kWh/NCM (105

MMBTU/MWh)

**Product gas:** 985 Btu/scf



# Case Study - Single Stage PSA - Low N<sub>2</sub>

**Project:** Escondido WWTP

**Location:** California

**Technology:** PSA

**Feed:** Biogas from WWTP

**RNG use:** Rule 30

**Raw gas:** 60% CH<sub>4</sub>; 38% CO<sub>2</sub>; 2% N<sub>2</sub>/O<sub>2</sub>;

Power Consumption: 0.25 kWh/NCM (80  
MMBTU/MWh)

**Product gas:** 980-990 Btu/scf



# Case Study - Single Stage PSA after CO2 removal unit

**Project:** Salmon Arm LFG

**Location:** British Columbia

**Technology:** PSA

**Feed:** Biogas from LFG

**RNG use:** Pipeline

**Raw gas:** 52% CH<sub>4</sub>; 36% CO<sub>2</sub>; 4-12% N<sub>2</sub>/O<sub>2</sub>;

Power Consumption: 0.25 kWh/NCM (60  
MMBTU/MWh)

**Product gas:** 990 Btu/scf



# Case Study - Two-Stage PSA CO<sub>2</sub>, N<sub>2</sub> and O<sub>2</sub> removal unit

**Project:** Genova Landfill

**Location:** Italy

**Technology:** Two-Stage PSA for CO<sub>2</sub>, N<sub>2</sub> and O<sub>2</sub>

**Feed:** Biogas from LFG, 16% N<sub>2</sub> + O<sub>2</sub>

**RNG use:** Pipeline

**Raw gas to PSA:** 46% % CH<sub>4</sub>; 36% CO<sub>2</sub>; 18% N<sub>2</sub>/O<sub>2</sub>;

**Product gas:** 970 Btu/scf



# Xebec Rotary Valve PSA

## ▶ ROTARY VALVE

Reduces significantly the plant's design complexity, footprint and overall capital investment

## ▶ FAST CYCLE ROTARY VALVE

Adjusts real time to biogas flow and composition changes while maintaining purity and maximum sales gas recovery





# CONTACT INFO

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