



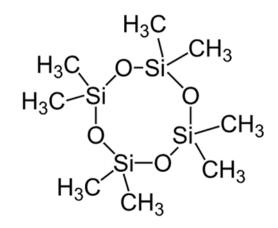
ASTM D8230-19 The first standardized testing Method for Siloxanes in RNG

Russell Bora R&D Manager GTI / ASTM D03

OVERVIEW

- History and background
 - ASTM International
 - D03 Committee on Gaseous Fuels
 - ▶ WK 52796
- ► ASTM D8230-19
 - Components covered
 - Sampling techniques
 - Instrumentation
 - Calibration requirements
 - QA/QC requirements
- Next steps





ASTM International

- 1898 American section of IATM
 - Members formed by producers and users
 - From its inception, apparent that Standards would require periodic modification
- 1902 Split with IATM and renamed American Society for Testing Materials
 - Did not want to limit membership
 - Resisted European practices of government standard bureaus in favor of voluntary standards development
- 2001 Becomes international organization



Standards Worldwide

ASTM Committee D03 on Gaseous Fuels

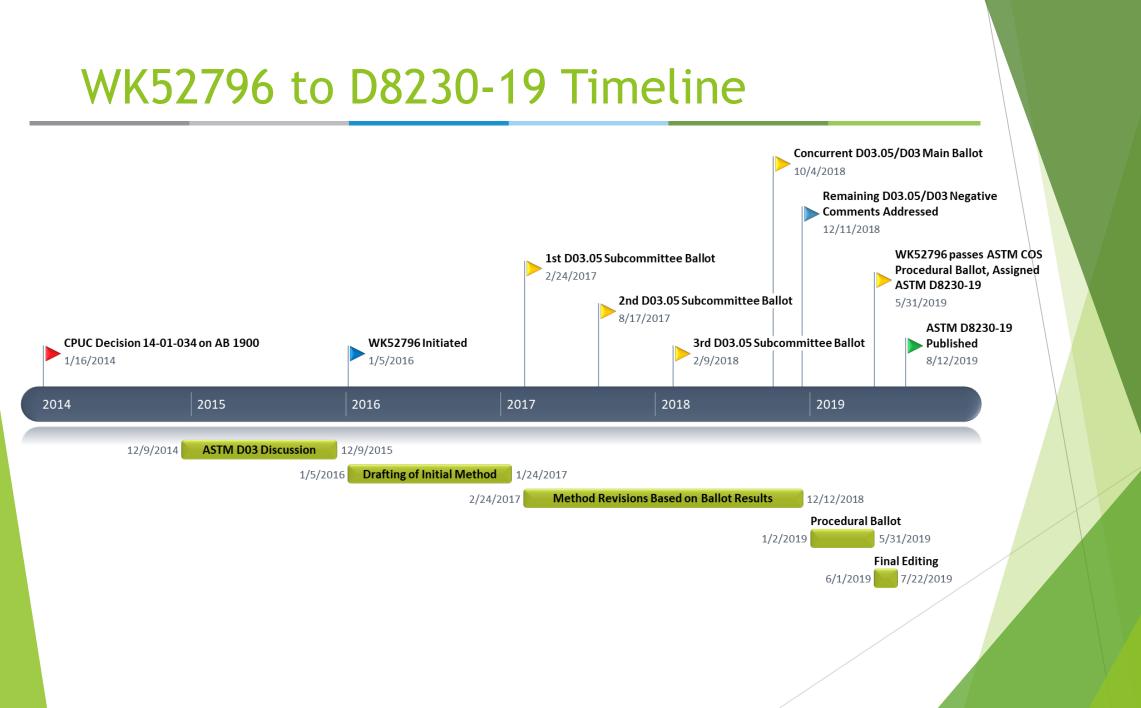
- Formed in 1935
- 204 Members (Dec 2019)
 - ► 50% Producers
 - ► 33% Users / Consumers
 - ► 17% General Interest
- Liaisons from other organizations
 - AGA
 - CEN
 - ISO

- D03.01 Collection and Measurement of Gaseous Samples
- **D03.03** Determination of Heating Value and Relative Density of Gaseous Fuels
- D03.05 Determination of Special Constituents of Gaseous Fuels
- D03.07 Analysis of Chemical Composition of Gaseous Fuels
- **D03.08** Thermophysical Properties
- D03.12 On-Line/At-Line Analysis of Gaseous Fuels
- D03.14 Hydrogen and Fuel Cells

Why the need for a published standard?

- Driven by regulation
 - CA limits established in 2014 no referenced methodology
- Variations to 'in-house' methods developed by individual laboratories
 - Sampling media and techniques
 - Analytical instrumentation
 - Target analytes (or lack of speciation)
 - Reporting units
 - Quality control requirements
 - The intention of the ASTM method is to align laboratory techniques for comparative purposes between labs





ASTM WK52796 Becomes D8230-19

Standard Test Method for Measurement of Volatile Silicon-Containing Compounds in a Gaseous Fuel Sample Using Gas Chromatography with Spectroscopic Detection - Published August 2019



ASTM D8230-19: Minimum Components

| Component | CAS # | Acronyms |
|-------------------------------|-----------|----------------------|
| Trimethylsilanol | 1066-40-6 | TMS, MOH |
| Hexamethyldisiloxane | 107-46-0 | L ₂ , MM |
| Hexamethylcyclotrisiloxane | 541-05-9 | D ₃ |
| Octamethyltrisiloxane | 107-51-7 | L ₃ , MDM |
| Octamethylcyclotetrasiloxane | 556-67-2 | D ₄ |
| Decamethyltetrasiloxane | 141-62-8 | L_4 , MD_2M |
| Decamethylcyclopentasiloxane | 541-02-6 | D ₅ |
| Dodecamethylpentasiloxane | 141-63-9 | L_5 , MD_3M |
| Dodecamethylcyclohexasiloxane | 540-97-6 | D ₆ |

ASTM D8230-19: Sample Collection

Gas Phase Sample Collection

- Stainless steel containers whose surfaces have been passivated with a fused-silica lining
 - 14 day hold time

Sample Bags made of non-reactive and non-absorbing material, such as Tedlar[®]

> 21881 - 8/29 - R1 - 1451 192474-001 Rect: 08/30/2019 Client: 21881.7.01 SampleiD: 21881-822-R1-1451

▶ 72 hour hold time



ASTM D8230-19: Sample Collection

Sorbent Tube Sample Collection

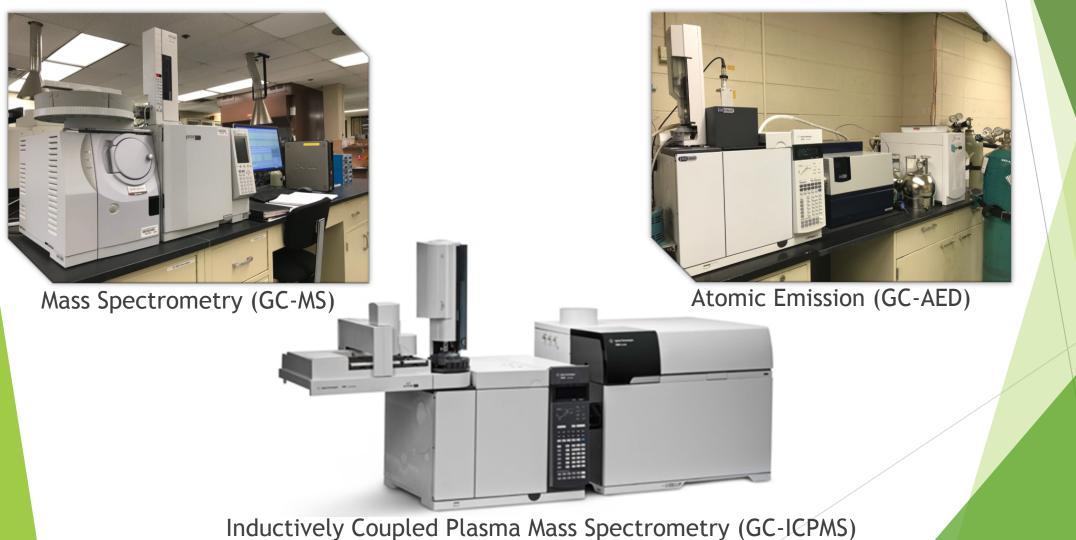
- Hydrophobic carbon-based sorbents
 - 500 mg / 250 mg dual bed
 - 0.2 L/min recommended sampling rate
 - 30 Liter recommended sampling volume
 - Solvent extraction
 - Hold times
 - 14 days from sampling to extraction
 - 30 days from extraction to analysis



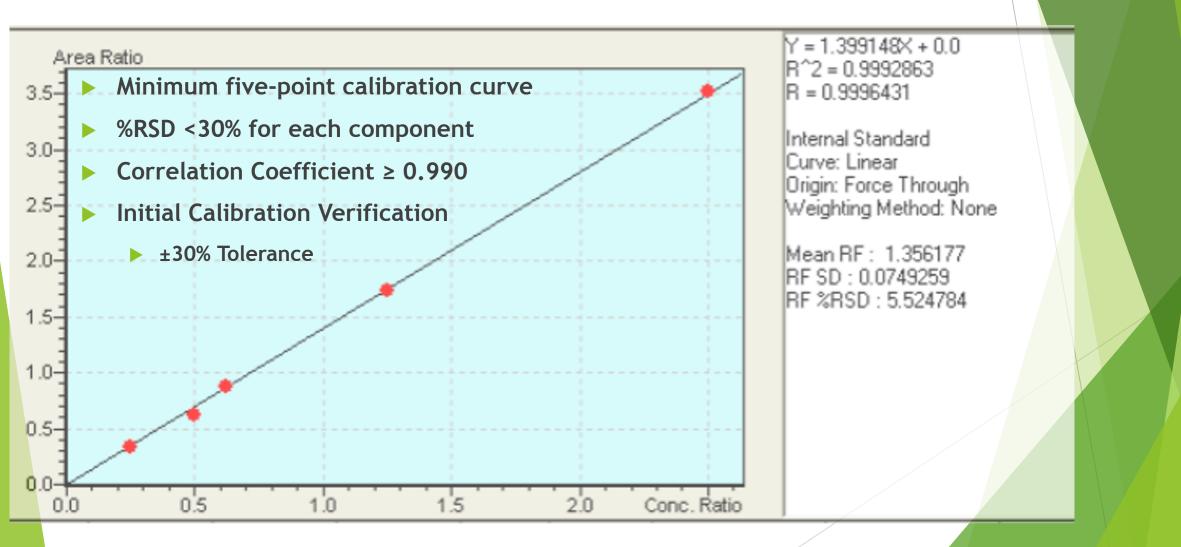


ASTM D8230-19: Instrumentation

Gas Chromatography coupled with Spectroscopic Detector



ASTM D8230-19: Calibration Requirements



ASTM D8230-19: QA/QC Requirements

- Calibration check
 - Minimum once per day, or every 10 samples
 - ▶ ±30% Tolerance
- Laboratory Control Standard
 - Matrix Spike during sample sequence
 - ▶ ±30% Tolerance
- Replicate Precision
 - One duplicate analysis per sample set or ten samples
 - ▶ ±25% Tolerance
- Desorption Efficiency Study for sorbent tubes
 - Minimum annually
 - Average recovery >75 % for each analyte

ASTM D8230-19: What's not Included

- Methanol impingers
 - Sought authors during development phase
 - Fallen out of favor among users represented in WK52796
- Sorbent Tube Thermal Desorption
 - No users of this method in workgroup
 - Single use vs. solvent extract multiple use
- ► GC-VUV
 - Method not fully developed
- These techniques could be included in future revisions





VUV ANALYTICS

GTI: Related Work in Progress

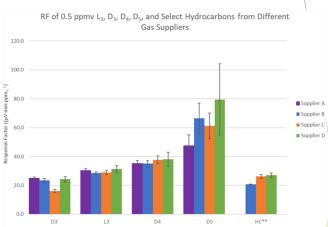


Dutch

Metrology Institute



- Evaluation of identical siloxane gas standards from known suppliers
 - Results will determine supplier(s) of mixtures used for the ASTM D8230-19 InterLaboratory Study (ILS) to determine the method precision and bias
 - > 3 blind siloxane gas mixtures supplied to labs for analysis
 - ▶ A minimum of 6 laboratories participating
 - Still recruiting labs, contact if interested!
- Evaluation of on-line siloxane analyzer at RNG landfill site
 - Three-month evaluation period testing real-world RNG
 - Periodic grab sample collection to compare online data to ASTM D8230-19 analysis



NPL 🛛

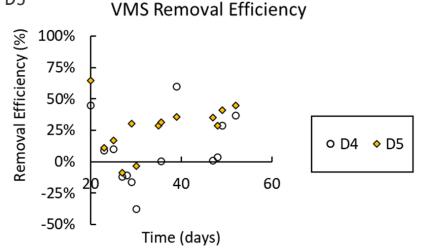
rgas

an Air Liquide comr



GTI: Related Work in Progress

- SMP Project 22596 Development of new siloxane removal technology
 - In conjunction with Duke University
 - Have developed a biotrickling filter capable of converting CO₂ to CH₄ in the presence of H₂ utilizing hydrolysis
 - Objective: Further develop biotrickling filter to simultaneously scrub H₂S and siloxanes in addition to converting CO₂ to CH₄
 - Initial testing shows reduction of D4 & D5 siloxanes
 - A matter of finding the right balance between competing pathways and nutrient requirements within the biotrickling filter media





CONTACT INFO

Russell Bora

- ► R&D Manger, GTI
- ▶ D03 Vice Chair, D03.07 Chair, ASTM
- ▶ 847-768-0693
- rbora@gti.energy
- sti.energy/gtilabs
- astm.org

