

RNG Tutorial (Renewable Natural Gas)



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Helping Our Clients Achieve Their Energy and Environmental Goals

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Overview

- 1. Tutorial
- 2. Conclusions/Critical Success Factors
- 3. Five (5) Examples

4. CEM's Biogas/AD Experience

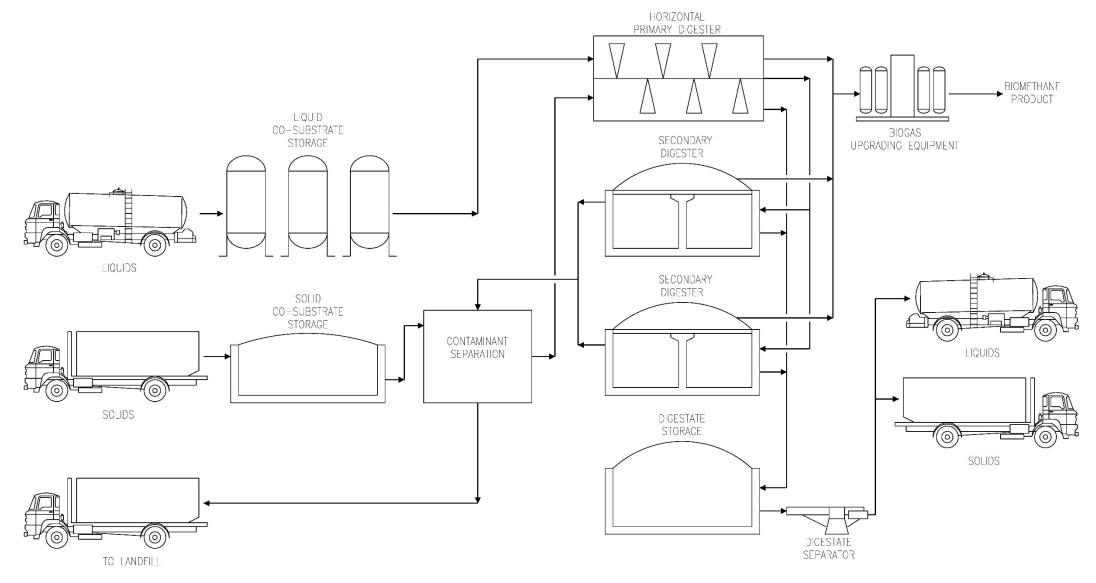


How is RNG Produced?



- 1. Organic Inputs
- 2. Inputs are converted to Carbon Neutral Gas:
 - Via Anaerobic Digestion (thus Biogas)
 - Via Landfill Site (thus Landfill Gas (LFG))
 - Via Wastewater Treatment Plant (thus, Digester Fuel Gas (DFG))
- 3. CO₂ (and other nasties) are stripped out, to meet LDC Fuel Spec, and then injected into LDC Service Lateral.





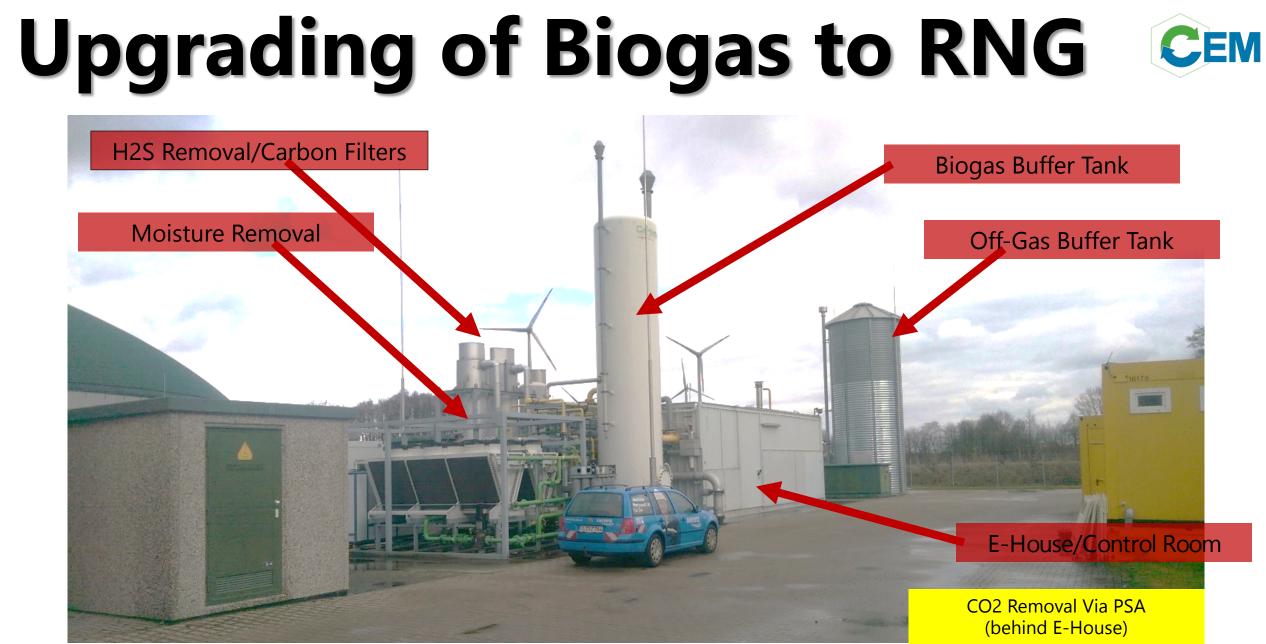
Upgrading of Biogas to RNG



- Biogas is about 50% -70% methane, with the rest composed of:
 - CO₂ (carbon dioxide)
 - N₂ (nitrogen)

- $-H_2O$ (water)
- H₂S (hydrogen sulphide)
- Pipeline quality natural gas must be closer to 99% methane and be completely free of water and hydrogen sulphide

CEM has the natural gas quality spec from both UGL and EGD



PSA Upgrading Facility, Börger, Germany

RNG Tutorial

This Presentation Does NOT Cover



- 1. Production of H₂ (and Injection of H₂) into LDC pipeline:
 - Via Electrolyzer
 - Power intensive process
 - HOWEVER, this **IS** the fuel of the future
- 2. Production of Syngas
 - Via gasification of biomass
 - Becoming VERY big in Western Europe

New Pathways for Bulk Energy Storage and Conservation

Power-to-Gas, Bulk Energy Storage

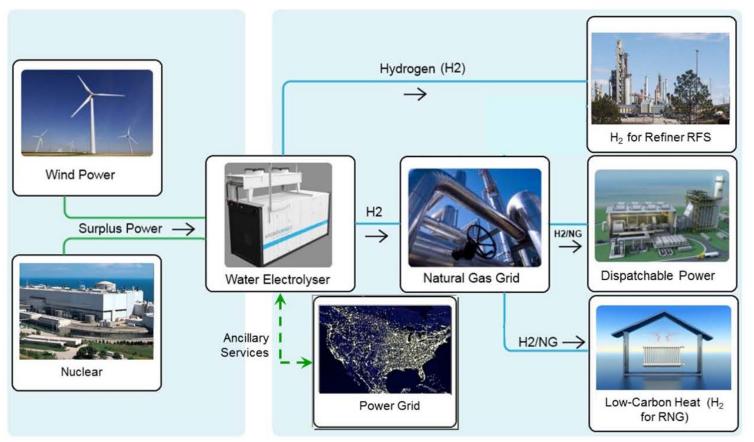


Image Source: Hydrogenics

- Power-to-Gas links electricity & natural gas networks for bulk storage of low-C energy
- Alternative inter-tie for the power grid; optimize surplus for Ont. competitive advantage
- Green gas can be blended in gas distributor rates to further improve carbon reductions from CHP / other end-uses



3

Critical Success Factors (a.k.a. CONCLUSIONS)



- 1. Predictable (High) Revenue Stream for RNG for 15 years
- 2. Getting ORGANIC INPUTS
 - At predictable quality and quantity
 - Securing inputs under Long-Term Contract (in case of AD)
 - "Decline Curve" (in case of LFG)
 - Control of DFG production (in case of DFG)
- 3. Stripping CO₂ Out (can be finicky)
- 4. Getting RNG INTO LDC pipeline
- 5. Working with LDC (meeting their RNG Quality Spec)

Examples / RNG Case Studies CEM

1. Fraser Valley Biogas

- AD/Biogas
- 2. Woodward WWTP DFG
- 3. Lachenaie (Waste Connection) LFG
- 4. Typical German RNG AD/Biogas

Fraser Valley RNG System





Fraser Valley RNG System (AD)



- **INPUTS:** organic by-products from potato chip plant
 - agricultural by-products (potatoes; vegetables)
 - manure from 1,000 cows and 1.5 million chickens
- **OUTPUTS:** 240 800 m³/hr of biogas
 - 50,000 GJ/year of carbon neutral RNG
- **SYSTEM:** Three (3) Anaerobic Digesters @ 2,700 m³ each (2 primary + 1 secondary Pressure Swing Absorption (PSA) system to remove CO_2/H_2S
- **CEM ROLE:** CEM responsible for electrical engineering
 - Martin & Matt (Lensink) heavily involved in development and implementation of biogas system (while with PlanET Biogas Solutions)

CLICK HERE TO WATCH VIDEO

Woodward WWTP (DFG)

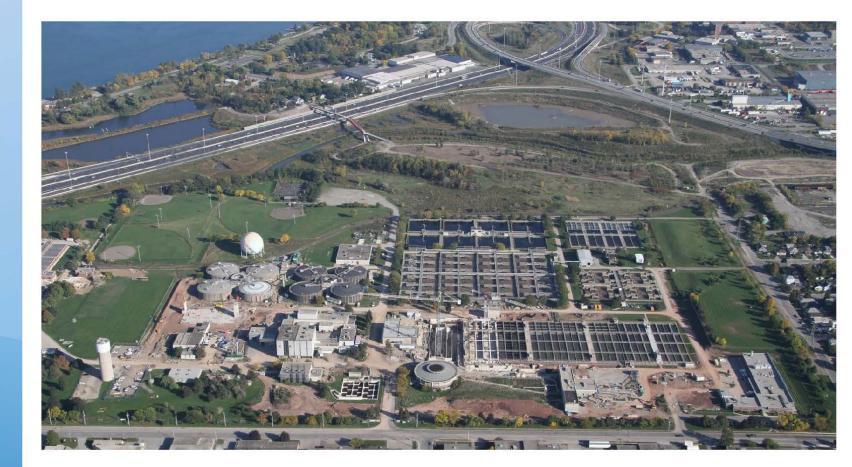






Woodward Biogas Enhancement & Digester Upgrade





- → Community
- → People
- → Processes
- → Finance



Hamilton Water Cogeneration Plant





- → Community
 → People
 → Processes
- → Finance



Hamilton Public Works

- 1.6 Megawatt cogeneration plant at the Woodward Waste Water Treatment Plant at a cost of \$4.4 million
- Renewable Energy Supply contract signed with the Ontario Electricity Financial Corp. Dec 2004 to supply Green Energy for a 20 year term
- Raw gas capacity of 15,300 m3 per day
- Heat used to offset natural gas used in digesters
- Reduction of 6,500 tonnes of CO2 emissions annually
- Annual Revenue

→ Community

→ People

- → Processes
- → Finance

Woodward Biogas Enhancement & Digester Upgrade



- Conventional activated sludge secondary treatment facility with seasonal disinfection.
- Capacity 409 MLD average, 614 MLD peak
- Solids Train anaerobic digestion, dewatering, land application

Project Objectives:

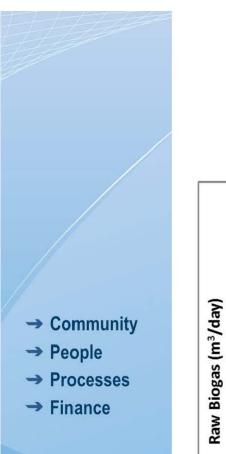
- To enhance the ability to generate gas from the digesters
- To produce natural gas via gas purification

Project objectives to be achieved through:

- Construction of a new quickened Sludge Building
- Upgrading the Digester Complex
- Installing a Gas Purification System

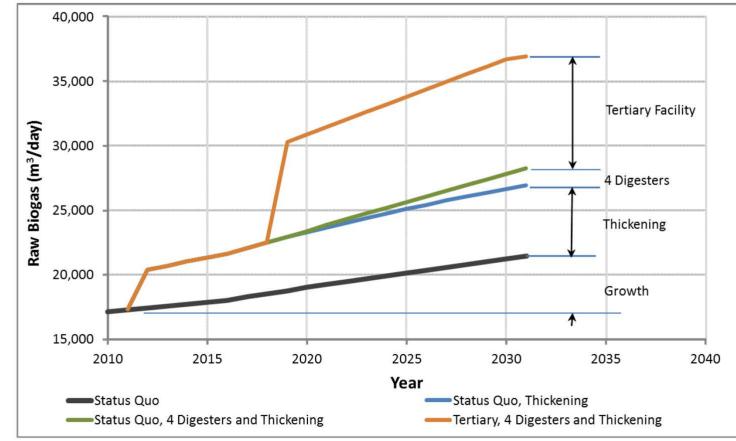


Hamilton Public Works



Anticipated Biogas Production





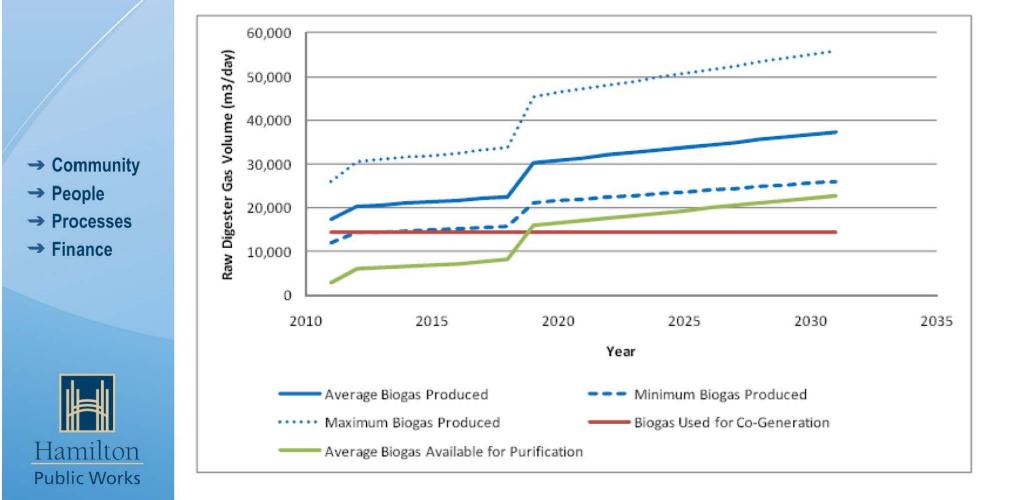


Hamilton Public Works

13

Biogas Production Forecast Model







The Biogas Purification Unit



- Five purification processes evaluated
- Water Scrubbing Technology selected Greenlane RIMU
- Ability to process up to 10,000 cubic meters RNG/day (equivalent of heating 1200 homes)
- Inject to Union Gas distribution grid
- Gas quality monitored at the Biogas Purification Unit (BPU) and Union Gas meter station
- Biogas generation rates were based on 0.9 m³ of biogas generated for each 1.0 kg of volatile solids (VS) destroyed in digestion

Water Scrubbing



How Water Scrubbing Works

The raw biogas is compressed, then fed to a 'scrubbing' vessel where it is contacted with water. CO2, H2S, siloxanes and other trace contaminants are preferentially absorbed by the water.

Absorbed methane is 'flashed' off, in a vessel at a lower pressure and recovered by returning it to the start of the process.

Product gas is further purified by a proprietary TSA, before being analyzed and delivered to the customer.





- → People
- → Processes
- → Finance



Raw Biogas Quality



Parameter	Typical	Range	Units
Raw Biogas Pressure	103.8	99.0 - 105.0	kPa
Raw Biogas Temperature	37	20 - 60	Deg C
Methane	63	55 – 70	%
Carbon Dioxide	37	30 – 45	%
Water	Saturated	-	-
Oxygen	0.0	0 – 0.5	%
Nitrogen	0	0 – 2	%
Hydrogen Sulphide	13	0 – 300	ppm
Total Sulphur as H ₂ S	25	0 – 300	ppm
Carbon Monoxide	3	0 – 15	ppm
Silicon	16	0 – 100	mgSi/m ³
Non-Methane Hydrocarbons	250	0 – 800	ppm

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→ Processes

→ Finance



Quality Criteria of Product Gas



	Parameter	Criteria	Parameter	Criteria	
	CO ₂	2%	Oxygen	<=0.4 %	
nity	со	<=0.5%	Pressure	550 to 1035 kPa	
es	Heating Value	36.0 to 40.2 MJ/Nm ³	Temperature	<=43 Deg C	
	Hydrogen	<=trace	Total Sulphur	100 mg/Nm ³	
	H ₂ S	7 mg/Nm ³	Water Vapour	<80 mg/Nm ³	
	Mercaptans	5 mg/Nm ³			



Hamilton

Public Works

→ Commun

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 Hydrocarbons
 No liquefiable hydrocarbons (> -10°C and < 5,500 kPa)</td>

 Overall Quality
 Merchantable and commercially free from objectionable substance (sand, dust, gums, crude oils, lubricating oils, liquids, chemicals, etc.)



- → Community
- → Finance





Public Works

Biogas Unit







Hamilton Public Works

Renewable Natural Gas



- In partnership with Union Gas, the City completed a new (CNG) station at the Mountain Transit Centre
- In September 2015, 18 new CNG - buses were added, bringing the fleet of CNG buses to 48.
- An additional 80-100 CNG buses are expected to be added over the next 3 years.
- Current contribution of RNG to the transit fleet is approximately 15%

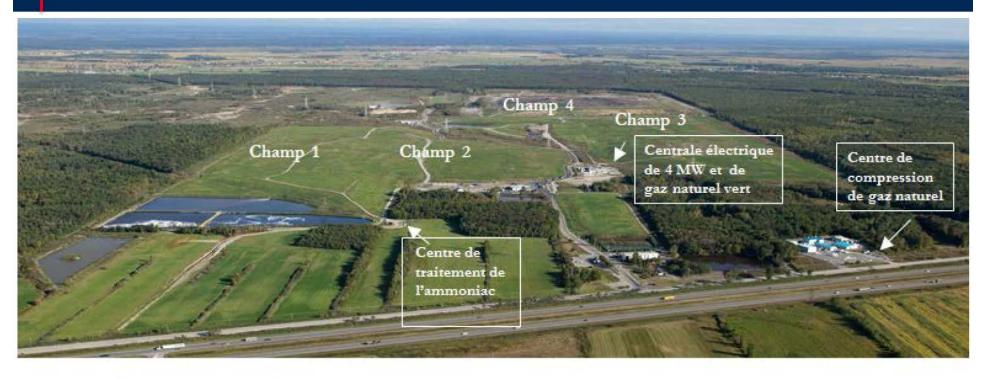


Lachenaie Landfill (PQ) (LFG) CEM



LET de Lachenaie réseau d'extraction de biogaz, traitement du lixiviat et de l'azote ammoniacal





In 2015, we opened a renewable natural gas facility, the largest of its kind in Canada and one of the largest in North America. The facility, located in in Terrebonne, Quebec, near Montreal, in converting landfill gas to natural gas which is then delivered to the TransCanada pipeline network, via an injection point adjacent to the landfill site.

5

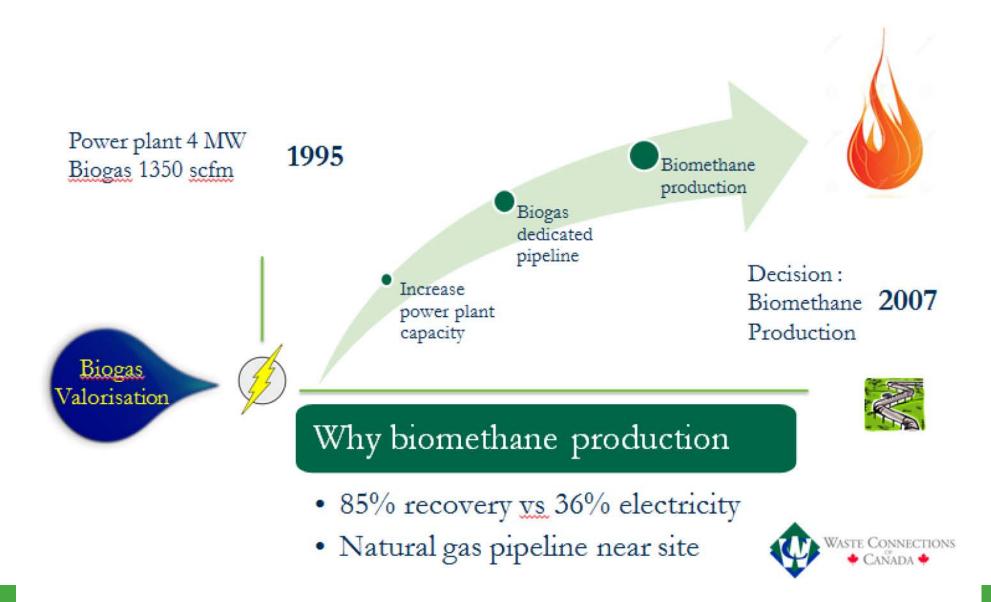


QUÉBEC LACHENAIE LANDFILL Biomethane Plant





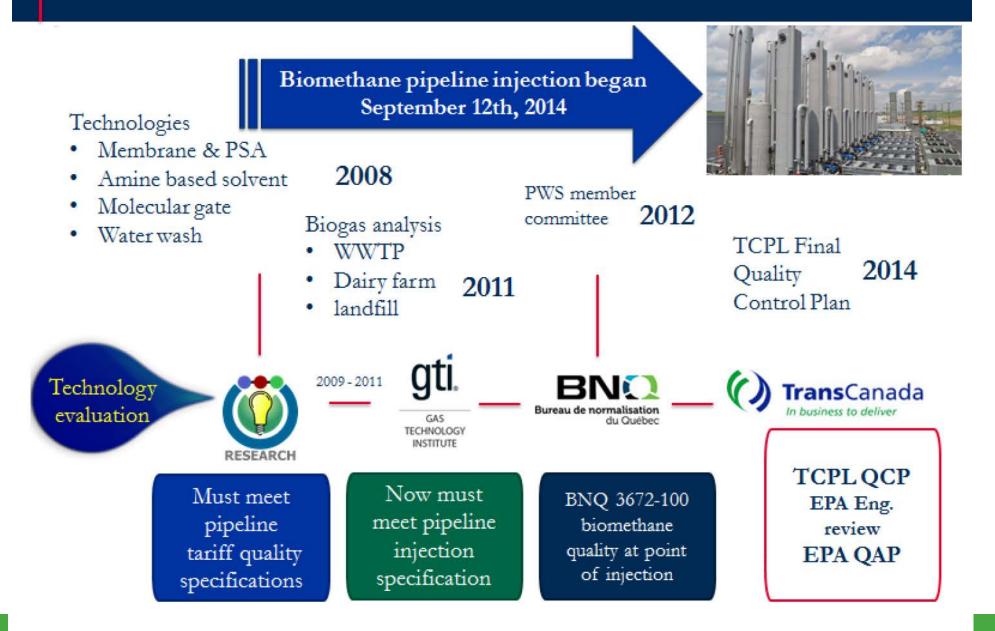
Biomethane Facility Historical Review





Biomethane Facility Historical Review





Simplified Biomethane Production Process

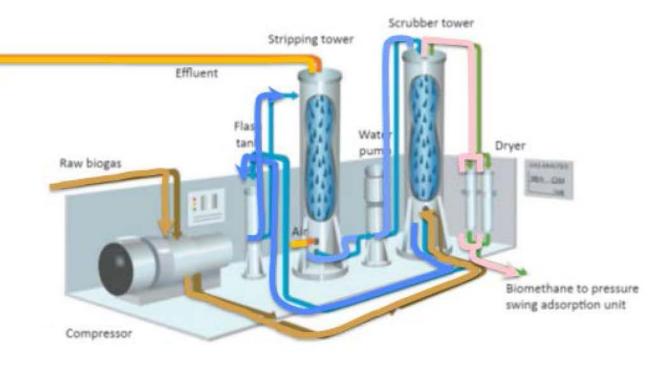




Simplified Diagram Biogas Water Wash Process











Circular Economy





Our growing CNG fleet





We are committed to growing our fleet of compressed natural gas (CNG) powered vehicles in many of our markets.



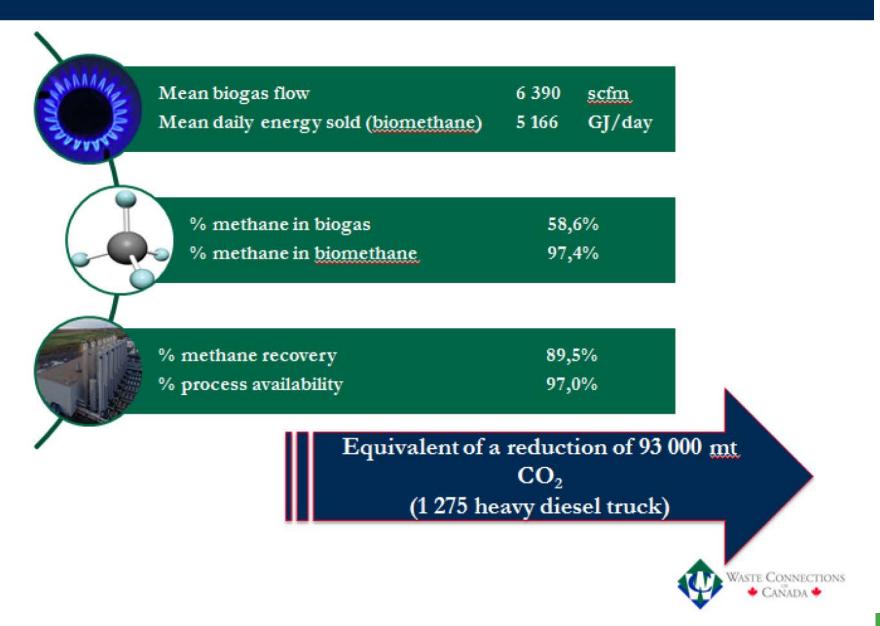


About 30% of the fleet is powered by CNG in Canada.



Lachenaie Landfill Last 365 Days Gas Production





Sept. 25th, 2020

Typical German AD/RNG System

- 1. 260,000 tonnes/year organic inputs
- 2. >90% of raw biogas from Brewery Spent Grains
- 3. 15 million m³/year raw biogas
- 4. 1 MW_e CHP for parasitic power and heat
- 5. 800 m³/hour of Pipeline Quality RNG
- 6. CAPEX ~ 17 million €





EXAMPLE OF BIOGAS SYSTEM Lethbridge Biogas Ltd (4 Acres)



INPUTS:

- Industrial and agricultural by-products
- Specified Risk Materials (SRM)
- 100,000 tonnes/year of raw material

OUTPUTS:

• 10.5 10⁶m³/year of biogas

SYSTEM:

 Two (2) 1.4 MW_e biogas-fueled cogeneration units generating electricity and power

CEM ROLE:

 CEM designed the electrical interconnection and provided complete project management services.



Contact Info





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